

LEGISLATIVE GRIND GOES ON AS USUAL

Most Important Event of
Yesterday Was the Ap-
pointment of Standing
Committees for the House
and Senate

SOME GET PRIZES
SOME GET BLANKS

House in Session Few Min-
utes But Considerable
Business of Various Sorts
Was Transacted in the
Senate

The legislature convened at 1 o'clock yesterday, carried out the caucus plan announced yesterday morning by The Republican, as far as it was deemed practicable, started a few bills in the senate, named the standing committees in both houses and adjourned, the senate to reassemble at 1 o'clock today and the house at 1:20. Immediately after adjournment the senate held a caucus or executive session of committee chairmen.

The chief interest attended the measure for amending the state constitution to reincorporate the recall of judges and the joint resolution ratifying the sixteenth or income tax amendment to the national constitution. These were introduced in both houses and left to ride in the senate while in the house they were referred to committees.

In the senate Mr. Breen, a republican member, sought to introduce a substitute for the recall measure but was unsuccessful and was later permitted to introduce it as a regular bill. Senator Hughes of Pima introduced an equal suffrage measure and a joint resolution asking congress for an amendment to the constitution providing for the election of United States senators by the people direct. Other bills introduced will be referred to in the senate proceedings.

It was expected the galleries would be filled to witness the initiation of the recall proceedings, but on the contrary the galleries had their last interest in the project or has been so thoroughly convinced that the drama will be staged by competent actors and the scenes have already been so fully described in the advance notices that there would be nothing in the regular performance to attract special attention. Anyhow, the galleries looked as lonesome as a country church on a Sunday morning when the fishing is good. Just a few of the more enthusiastic were on hand.

The real sensation of the day occurred during the noon hour before the legislature convened and when there were but comparatively few people in the building. A dense smoke rolled up through the elevator shaft to the top of the building attracting the attention of the few who chanced to be in the upper corridors. Judge Hechtman of the senate immediately reported in the executive chambers seeking the captain of the ship of state but for once that official was off duty when there was something going on. The judge therefore started to the lieutenants, ensigns, sergeants and various minor officials that he "had the honor to report that the building was on fire and the ship of state is now sinking," or words to that effect.

A board of inquiry was instantly organized and a careful investigation was made. It was found that a piece of waste about the size of a man's hand was smoldering on the cement floor alongside the dynamo near the bottom of the elevator shaft. There was nothing for it to burn but it made smoke enough for a small volcano.

THE SENATE.
Nothing unusual occurred in the formal opening of the senate except a prayer in the chaplain's prayer when he was advised the Deity that it had been rumored that it was to be an auspicious day in the history of the proceedings by which it was understood the chaplain was counting on Divine assistance in promulgating the recall enterprise.

The president announced the standing committees as follows:
1. Rules.—The president (ex officio), C. B. Wood, Worsley.
2. Finance.—C. B. Wood, Sims, Pace, Worsley, Kinney, H. R. Wood, Hubbell.

3. Judiciary.—Hechtman, Worsley, Pace, Hughes, C. B. Wood, H. R. Wood, Hubbell.

4. Public Lands.—Davies, Pace, Harrison, Worsley, Wessell, Roberts, Brown.

5. Labor.—Worsley, Chase, Davies, Harrison, Breen.

6. Mines and Mining.—Chase, Lovin, Hechtman, H. R. Wood, Brown.

7. Appropriation.—Roberts, Wessell, C. B. Wood, Hughes, H. R. Wood.

8. Banking and Insurance.—Sims, Worsley, Kinney, C. B. Wood, Hubbell.

9. Private Corporation.—Worsley, Chase, Harrison, Hechtman, Hubbell.

10. Municipal Corporations.—Davies, Hughes, Kinney, Breen, Willis.

11. Public Service Corporations.—Sims, Pace, C. B. Wood, Wessell, Lovin.

12. Constitutional Mandates.—H. R. Wood, Roberts, Lovin.

13. Constitutional Amendments and

(Continued on Page 3)

SAME OLD WOOL BILL HAS BEEN INTRODUCED

Measure Identical With That Vetoed
by Taft Has Been Presented
by Speaker Underwood

[Associated Press Dispatch]
WASHINGTON, March 21.—The democratic wool tariff revision bill, levying twenty per cent ad valorem duty on raw wool introduced today by Representative Underwood will be reported tomorrow to avoid a caucus and thereby dodge trouble with advocates of free wool. The measure is identical with that passed by the house last summer. Regular republicans contend the president will find an excuse for vetoing the bill on the ground it does not adequately protect the revenues. The re-introduction of the bill vetoed by Taft with the elimination of senate amendments will be used by democrats as the basis of an arraignment of the tariff board. In the report on the bill being written by Underwood an effort will be made to show the board's failure to report on wool is useless.

TRAINS DELAYED.

High Water is Playing Havoc With
Traffic in Missouri.

[Associated Press Dispatch]
ST. JOSEPH, March 21.—Every railroad train entering St. Joseph today was delayed by high water. Bridges at many points were menaced by ice jams and in some localities thousands of acres of farm lands are under water.

DEADLOCK IS REAL TROUBLE

Members of New Mexico
Legislature Are Trying
to Figure Out Plan to
Elect Their United States
Senators

[Associated Press Dispatch]
SANTA FE, March 21.—That the republican state committee arranged a clever trap for the four republican legislators accused of bribery, was elicited at the cross-examination of State Chairman Jaramillo, and Eliego Baca at the investigation tonight. Rumors that the defendants had solicited bribes from other candidates for the senate were excluded by the investigating committee. The hearings will be concluded early next week. Prosecuting witness Baca gave a detailed account of the happenings Saturday when he alleged the defendants called on Judge A. F. Ball. One, he said, asked directly for money, the witness complaining their election cost money and they should be reimbursed. Baca testified that Lucero, one of the four, proposed that the four would be willing to vote once for Baca's candidate for five hundred dollars each; that a second defendant proposed he would vote twice for that sum, and stay with the candidate to the end for five thousand and the bunch. When Baca rebuked them and told them that a senator gets only seventy-five hundred a year and that living expenses are high, Lucero replied, the witness said, that senators make five thousand at a week in such matters as the sugar question for instance. Baca pointed out to the defendants, he said, their disgrace and the penalty and told them he would inform National Committeeman Luna, who had left the city. Baca said he then sought the services of H. O. Bursum, republican candidate for governor, and the latter suggested one of the men be arrested as an example. Jaramillo testified he favored no particular candidate for senator, that he had at no time asked anyone to vote for him for the senatorship. He also affirmed the four men admitted their guilt.

SANTA FE, March 21.—Two solutions for the senatorial deadlock were discussed today by political leaders. One is that the republicans caucus at an early date. Supporters of A. B. Fall and W. J. Mills would be in a majority at this caucus. The other proposed a combination of democrats with the progressive republicans and Spanish-American legislators, looking to the election of one Spanish-American republican and one progressive. If the latter is not a democrat, there are four contests still unsettled, and a decision in the bribery case, if it is thought will go far toward settling the deadlock over the senatorial election.

Counsel for the four accused assemblymen today filed their answer with the house investigating committee, to charges of accepting bribes. The answer is a general denial of all charges in the complaint and sets up counter charges that a "conspiracy existed to compel the accused to resign because they refused to vote for a certain senatorial aspirant and could not be estranged from another candidate for whom they had promised to vote."

Additional witnesses were heard by the committee today. The accused legislators, who were released on \$2,000 bonds, visited the capital today but did not occupy their seats.

STRIKE WILL CURTAIL THE COAL SUPPLY

Situation in the Eastern
Mining Fields Shows
No Improvement
at This Time

SUSPENSION SURE
SAYS PRESIDENT

Two Hundred Thousand
Men Are Certain to
Be Idle for Brief
Time, Anyway

[Associated Press Dispatch]
CLEVELAND, March 21.—Demands of two hundred thousand miners in the bituminous fields for a ten per cent wage increase and shorter working hours was voted down by the operators today. As a final effort to prevent a prolonged shut-down of the mines after April 1 and possibly a strike, the whole dispute was referred to a sub-committee composed of eight miners' delegates and eight operators to convene tomorrow.

Operators and miners declared the coal situation throughout the country is grave. J. F. White, president of the United Workers, intimated that negotiations here might continue until Monday when the union's policy committee will meet. Besides the two hundred thousand in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois directly concerned, a hundred and fifty thousand in other states are dependent upon the present deliveries. Wages of more than half a million miners are in dispute and the coal output of the country, other than that mined by non-union men, is involved.

"If we reach no agreement April 1 a strike will automatically follow," said White, "for we can't work without an agreement. If we do reach an agreement as to just how long the suspension of business will last, for there is bound to be a suspension. T. L. Lewis, former president, said he expected a settlement in a few days."

DES MOINES, March 21.—At a conference between miners of district 12 and the operators today a demand for ten cents increase a ton was made and refused. Then they decided to take up the matter of caring for the mines during the strike. Hugh Murphy, of the miners, declared the operators beginning April 1 should pay the men left in charge of the mines on the basis of the increase now asked in Cleveland.

"It is just as reasonable to ask the operators to care for our wives and children during a strike as to ask us to care for your mines," said Murphy.

LABOR RIOT.

Real Lively Time Occurred on the San
Francisco Wharf.

[Associated Press Dispatch]
SAN FRANCISCO, March 21.—There was a serious labor riot on the water front today between Filipino longshoremen and men who are engaged to take the places of the striking islanders. As the steamer Star of Russia was about to sail for the Alaskan canneries, the Filipinos went on strike. Men engaged to take their places arrived and the Filipinos made a general onslaught. Three of them were taken to the receiving hospital with heads broken and many others were injured. Several were arrested.

WORKED CUTE TRICK

One Scheme of Promoter Was to
Send Telegrams to Himself

[Associated Press Dispatch]
BOSTON, March 21.—That Victor M. Well, president of the Inter-Trust Security company, dictated telegrams to himself, praising certain investment properties in Nevada, was testified to by his former stenographer, Mrs. Annie Crowley, in the United States court today, where Well was tried for using the mails to defraud. It was alleged the telegrams were dated Goldfield, and eventually posted on the bulletin board in Well's office.

ONE LARGE JOKE

Marshall is Pledging the Support of
the Indiana Delegation

[Associated Press Dispatch]
INDIANAPOLIS, March 21.—Indiana democrats unanimously pledged the support of their thirty delegates to the candidacy of Governor Marshall, for the presidential nomination. Samuel A. Ralston, of Lebanon, was nominated by acclamation for governor, and W. P. O'Neill, of Mishawaka, for lieutenant governor, on the fourth ballot.

RIVER IS RISING.

[Associated Press Dispatch]
DAVENPORT, March 21.—The Mississippi river here has risen three feet in three days and river men say they expect the highest water ever recorded this spring.

SMITH AND ASHURST WILL MEET FARMERS

Meeting Will be Held at Two O'clock
Saturday Afternoon at Water
Users' Building.

The farmers of the Salt river valley will hold a meeting in the assembly room of the Water Users' building Saturday afternoon at two o'clock. The meeting will be attended by Senators Marcus A. Smith, of Tucson and Henry F. Ashurst, of Prescott, who will discuss with the landowners method of relief from the burdensome features of the irrigation project payments. The proposed extension of time and other features of the question will be discussed and it is probable the line of action to be followed by the senators after they shall have taken office will be mapped out.

WHEELED INTO COURT.

Woman Accused of Many Murders
Is Suffering From Paralysis.

[Associated Press Dispatch]
CHICAGO, March 21.—Mrs. Louise Vermliva, accused of murdering several men who boarded with her, and who had their lives insured in her favor, was placed on trial today for the murder of R. T. Smith, an Illinois Central conductor, by the use of poison. Smith's stomach was analyzed, and found to contain much poison. The accused woman was wheeled into court in a wheel chair. Her ankles are paralyzed from drugs she swallowed shortly after her arrest, in an attempt at suicide.

NEW EVIDENCE.

Suffragettes Purchased at Wholesale
Hammers to Destroy Property.

[Associated Press Dispatch]
LONDON, March 21.—Evidence tending to show that the hammers, which were used in the recent suffragette outbreak, were purchased in wholesale quantities, was adduced today in the trial of Mrs. Edith Pankhurst, Mr. and Mrs. Pethwick Lawrence, joint editors of "Votes for Women," and Mrs. Mabel Tuke. The four defendants were again remanded by the magistrate on a charge of malicious destruction of property and inciting riot.

FILE YOUR REQUESTS.

Must Act Quickly to Get Place in
Convention.

[Associated Press Dispatch]
INDIANAPOLIS, March 21.—Harry S. New, assistant manager of the committee on arrangements for the republican national committee, announced today all applications for seats in the press reservations should be made at once to Charles S. Albert, chairman of the standing committee on correspondents, at the senate press gallery in Washington.

WILL SPEAK SOME.

Man Who is Not a Candidate Goes
On the Stump.

[Associated Press Dispatch]
NEW YORK, March 21.—Theodore Roosevelt today decided to make an appeal direct to the voters of Maine and accepted an invitation to speak at a mass meeting in Portland Saturday night. He also announced he had accepted the invitation of the Million Population club of St. Louis to speak there next Tuesday.

HE CONFESSES.

Price is Man Who Sent Infernal
Machine to Judge.

[Associated Press Dispatch]
JACKSONVILLE, March 21.—Fred Price, alias Fred Newsum, arrested as a vagrant, has confessed to having sent an infernal machine to Judge Rosakovic, of New York, which, when being examined, exploded, seriously wounding a bailiff.

BILL IS PASSED.

Lower House of Michigan Legisla-
ture Passes a Primary Law.

[Associated Press Dispatch]
LANSING, March 21.—The Michigan assembly today passed a presidential primary bill, to become immediately effective. The measure is now before the senate, which defeated a like bill last session.

READY FOR WORK

Senator LaFollette, Fully Recovered,
is Back in Washington.

[Associated Press Dispatch]
WASHINGTON, March 21.—Senator LaFollette, upon his return to Washington today, made plans to push his campaign for his nomination in many states where presidential primaries are to be held. He is in excellent physical condition and expects to take the stump himself.

BILL IS PASSED.

Second Step in Minimum Wage Meas-
ure Has Been Taken.

[Associated Press Dispatch]
LONDON, March 21.—The house of commons tonight passed the minimum wage bill for miners on second reading, 248 to 225. Laborites and nationalists voted with the government.

SENATE PUTS RECALL BILLS INTO HOPPER

Wood, of Yavapai, Intro-
duces Provision as it
Appeared in the
Constitution

BREEN PUTS IN
ANOTHER BILL

Majority Measure Provides
That the Ratification
Election Shall Occur
July Third

Below is the text of the bill introduced in both houses of the legislature yesterday, to provide for the amendment of the constitution in such a manner as to reinstate the identical provision of the original constitution in such a manner as to provide for the recall of judges, that provision being known as section 1 of article 2 of the first constitution. The legislature took occasion in section 1 of the new bill to "hand one" specifically to President Taft.

"Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Arizona, Section 1. That there is hereby proposed to be submitted to the vote of the people of the state of Arizona the following amendment to section 1 of article VIII of the constitution of the state of Arizona as adopted under the constitution directed by William Howard Taft, president of the United States by the electors of said state at an election held on the 12th day of December, anno domini nineteen hundred and eleven, viz:

"That said section 1 of article VIII of the constitution of the state of Arizona be amended so as to read, be punctuated, arranged, and replaced exactly in the form and wording of, and in the exact position occupied by, the section 1 of article VIII of the official copy of the constitution of the state of Arizona, adopted by the constitutional convention of Arizona on December 9th, 1910, a photographic copy of which original section 1 of said article VIII, certified to by the secretary of Arizona under his seal is hereto attached for the purpose of furnishing the exact form, lettering and punctuation, of said amendment, hereby proposed to be submitted."

"Section 2. That said amendment shall be submitted to the vote of the people of the state of Arizona at a special election for the purpose of having said proposed amendment voted upon; which said special election shall be held on the 3rd day of July, 1912."

"Section 3 of article VIII of the constitution reads as follows: 'Every public officer in the state of Arizona, holding an elective office, either by election or appointment, is subject to recall from such office by the qualified electors of the electoral district from which candidates are elected to such office. Such electoral district may include the whole state, such number of said electors as shall equal twenty-five per centum of the number of votes cast at the last preceding general election for all of the candidates for the office held by such officer, may by petition, which shall be known as a recall petition, demand his recall.'

"Senator Breen in behalf of the republicans of the territory, who feel they would like a law that would give a good, clean judge at least an even break for his entrance money, devised and introduced what they hoped, (though with but small faith) might become a substitute measure. Mr. Breen's bill is also presented herewith for comparison. There are numerous provisions therein not contained in the other. This bill provides that unless at the special recall election at least forty per cent of as many voters express themselves as expressed themselves at the election which named the official, the election shall be ineffective. The point is that a special election there is seldom a large vote and under the Wood bill there is no limitation save that 25 per cent of the voters must sign the petition for recall, in which provision the bills are identical. Under the constitution if only a handful turn out to vote the official is recalled if a majority of the votes are against him. Here is the Breen bill.

A BILL FOR AN ACT
To amend the constitution of Arizona and to provide for the recall of public officials.

Be It enacted by the legislature of the state of Arizona, Section 1. That article VIII of the constitution of the state of Arizona be amended to read as follows: ARTICLE VIII.
REMOVAL FROM OFFICE.
1. Recall of Public Officers.
Section 1. Every public officer in the state of Arizona, holding an elective office, either by election or appointment, is subject to recall from such office by the qualified electors of the electoral district from which candidates are elected to such office. Such number of said electors as shall equal twenty-five per centum of the number of votes cast at the last preceding general election for all of the candidates for the office held by such officer, may by petition, which shall

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SCIENTISTS DISCOVER BIG BED OF POTASH

Supply is Located Which Will Not
Be Exhausted for 30 Years
It is Said.

[Associated Press Dispatch]
WASHINGTON, Mar. 21.—Enough potash to supply the United States for the next thirty years has been found by government scientists at Searles Lake, San Bernardino county, California. Estimates of the field by surveyors is that the supply probably will reach four million tons, but authorities here believe that estimate conservative, and that the supply will amount to more than ten million tons. The great value of the find is that the potash is now in commercial form and ready for the market. H. S. Cole, of the geological survey, and E. S. Free, of the bureau of soils, recently took six samples of the potash to the Mackay school of mines, Reno, Nev., where its value was revealed. The lake is dried up, but for thousands of years moisture has been supplied by the surrounding hills.

BONILLA IS ILL.

[Associated Press Dispatch]
PUERTO RICO, March 21.—President Manuel Bonilla is afflicted with Measles disease, and it is realized he can not live long. In the event of his death it is believed the liberals will make an attempt to regain control of the government.

DEATH LIST IS EIGHTY-THREE

That is the Number Known
Positively to Have Per-
ished in Oklahoma Mine
But Others Are Not Ac-
counted For

[Associated Press Dispatch]
MCCURTAIN, Okla., March 21.—At midnight a hundred and seven of the hundred and sixteen at work in the Sans Bois mine had been accounted for. Twenty-six of the number were rescued alive (one has since died), fifty-two bodies have been recovered and twenty-nine bodies located, bringing the total of known dead up to eighty-three.

Five men entombed in Sans Bois mine, where an explosion occurred yesterday, are unaccounted for to-night. Twenty-six have been rescued during the day and fifty-six bodies brought to the surface. Rescue parties at work tonight have faint hope that more will be found alive. Fifteen of the men rescued today were found huddled in a room on the thirteenth level. They rushed there when they heard the explosion and kept themselves alive with an air pump. Searching parties were directed to the room by tapping on the air pipes. The conditions of two is serious, but the others are well. When rescued and brought out relatives of the entombed men, who had remained on the ground since the fatal blast, pressed forward eagerly to catch a word that might let them know their loved ones were alive. Tom Farrington told of the experiences of himself and comrades.

"How we ever met in the room I don't know," said he. "Soon after we felt the explosion we rushed to the pump knowing we were too far away from the entrance to escape if the explosion was severe. We had just put a curtain over the entrance when a big sheet of flame swept by. We suffered greatly from lack of water."

Financial assistance, needed for the families of victims, came from all parts of the United States today. One contribution of five thousand dollars was voted by United Mine Workers district No. 21 tonight and three carloads of provisions arrived from Fort Smith, purchased by money contributed by that city.

The body of W. D. Roper, a civil engineer employed by the company, who, with two companions, had been making a survey of the workings at the time of the explosion, was found tonight under a mass of wreckage in the main slope over which rescue parties had tramped since the mine was first entered. The head was almost severed from the body. Ralph Kenney, 18, son of a local minister, and a member of the Roper party, was one of those rescued alive. He smiled as he told of the night in a small pump room, where he and fourteen choking men fought for gasps of fresh air. Then a pallor spread over his face, his form quivered, and before outstretched hands could seize him, he sank to the floor dead, a victim of mine gases. After-damp is retarding the work of the rescuers tonight, and only those equipped with oxygen helmets are permitted to enter. Peter Hanratty, mayor of McAlester, who led one of the rescue parties, was overcome today and it was several hours before he recovered.

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BUSINESS MEN ENTER PROTEST AGAINST ORDER

Mexicans Resent Proclama-
tion of President Shut-
ting Off Supply
of Food

LULL NOTICED
IN REVOLUTION

Mexican General Changes
His Plans and Has
Begun Advance
on Torreon

[Associated Press Dispatch]
EL PASO, March 21.—Business men of Juarez have signed a petition to be forwarded to President Taft, protesting against the inclusion of food and clothing in the embargo on "munitions of war" destined from the United States to Mexico. Juarez was quiet today.

Officials of Juarez have warned "Big Pett" against a repetition of his anti-American harangue of yesterday. His remarks are deplored officially. Among the articles classified by Col. Steever as "munitions of war" are kerosene, gasoline, hay, saddles, food for horses and men. Women's wearing apparel escaped. Colonel Pascual Orozco, Sr., commanding Juarez, and Col. Ponce, second in command, declared there is enough corn and beans for the needs of the soldiers and that the embargo will injure only non-combatants.

[Associated Press Dispatch]
CHIHUAHUA, March 21.—General Robles, according to changed plans, will not be sent against Ojinaga but will be ordered to join Salazar's column which is proceeding slowly in the direction of Torreon. As an aftermath of the recent occupation of Parral by the rebels, Rosario, Santa Barbara, and small towns nearby, were occupied today. A few shots were fired at Rosario, without casualties. The Minero bank, of which Juan Cresol is manager, will accept most of the one million, two hundred thousand pesos in bonds to be issued by the revolutionary administration of the state.

MEXICO CITY, March 21.—Zapata has captured many small towns near Puebla and are now threatening Atlixco, where citizens are arming for defense. Zapata in an order said he would execute anyone who interfered with the planting of the sugar crop, or is found burning cane fields.

MEXICO CITY, March 21.—The government's campaign against Emilio Zapata's followers in southern Mexico is progressing satisfactorily, according to advices from General Robles. Robles is destroying every place of habitation regarded as a rebel refuge, after the women and children are sent to the towns to be guarded by federals. Villages have been burned all along the line of march. Neither hut nor hacienda is spared. There have been no important encounters.

GETTING READY FOR WORK.